OJJDP FY 2019 Title II Performance Measures Table

Objective	Performance Measure(s)	Description	Data Recipient Provides
To support delinquency prevention and intervention efforts and system improvements by developing effective education, training, research, prevention, diversion, treatment, and rehabilitation programs.	Number of program youth served.	An unduplicated count of the number of youth served by the program during the reporting period. The definition of the number of youth served for a reporting period is the number of program youth carried over from the previous reporting period, plus new admissions during the reporting period. In calculating the 3-year summary, the total number of youth served is the number of participants carried over from the previous year to the first fiscal year, plus all new admissions during the 3 reporting fiscal years. Program records are the preferred data source.	Number of program youth carried over from the previous reporting period, plus new admissions during the reporting period.
	Number and percent of programs/ initiatives employing evidence-based programs or practices.	Number and percent of programs/initiatives employing evidence-based programs or practices. These include programs and practices that have been shown, through rigorous evaluation and replication, to be effective at preventing or reducing juvenile delinquency or related risk factors, such as substance abuse. Model programs can come from many valid sources (e.g., Blueprints for Violence Prevention, CrimeSolutions.gov, OJJDP's Model Programs Guide, SAMHSA's Model Programs, etc.).	Number of programs/initiatives employing evidence-based programs or practices. Total number of programs/initiatives. Percent (A/B).
	Number and percent of youth with whom an evidence-based program or practice was used.	Number and percent of youth served with an evidence-based program or practice. These include programs and practices that have been shown, through rigorous evaluation and replication, to be effective at preventing or reducing juvenile delinquency or related risk factors, such as substance abuse. Model programs can come from many valid sources (e.g., Blueprints for Violence Prevention, CrimeSolutions.gov, OJJDP's Model Programs Guide, SAMHSA's Model Programs, etc.).	Number of youth served using an evidence-based program or practice. Total number of youth served during the reporting period. Percent (A/B).
	Number and percent of program youth completing	Number and percent of program youth who have successfully fulfilled all program obligations and requirements. This does not include youth who are still participating in ongoing programs. Program obligations will vary by program but should be a	Number of program youth who exited the program having completed program requirements.

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	gram uirements.	predefined list of requirements or obligations that youth must meet before program completion. The total number of youth includes those who exited successfully or unsuccessfully.	Total number of youth who exited the program during the reporting period (either successfully or unsuccessfully).
		Program records are the preferred data source.	Percent (A/B).
pero prog you offe	mber and cent of gram th who end (short	Number and percent of participating program youth who were arrested or seen at a juvenile court for a delinquent offense during the reporting period. Appropriate for any youth-serving program. Official records	Total number of program youth served during the reporting period.
	and long term).	(police, juvenile court) are the preferred data source.	Number of program youth tracked during the reporting period.
		The number of youth tracked should reflect the number of program youth who are followed or monitored for arrests or offenses. Ideally, this number should be all youth served by the program during the reporting period.	Number of program youth who had an arrest or delinquent offense during the reporting period.
		A youth may be "committed" to a juvenile facility any time that he/she is held overnight. Certain jurisdictions refer to adjudications as "sentences."	Number of program youth who were committed to a juvenile facility during the reporting period.
		Other sentences may be community-based sanctions, such as community service, probation, etc.	Number of program youth who were sentenced to adult
		Short term: The number of youth tracked should reflect the number of program youth who are followed or monitored during the	prison during the reporting period.
		reporting period.	Number of youth who received another sentence during the
		Long term: The number of youth tracked should reflect the number of program youth who are followed or monitored 6–12	reporting period.
		months after completing program requirements.	Percent offending.
pero prog you reof	mber and cent of gram th who ffend	Number and percent of participating program youth who were arrested or seen at a juvenile court for a new delinquent offense during the reporting period. Appropriate for any youth-serving program.	Total number of program youth served during the reporting period.
(short and long term).		Official records (police, juvenile court) are the preferred data source.	Number of program youth tracked during the reporting period.
		The number of youth tracked should reflect the number of program youth who are followed or monitored for new arrests or	Number of program youth who had a new

		offenses. Ideally, this number should be all youth served by the program during the reporting period. Certain jurisdictions refer to adjudications as "sentences."	arrest or new delinquent offense during the reporting period. Number of program youth who were
		Other sentences may be community-based sanctions, such as community service, probation, etc.	recommitted to a juvenile facility during the reporting period. Number of program
		Short term: The number of youth tracked should reflect the number of program youth who are followed or monitored during the reporting period.	youth who were sentenced to adult prison during the reporting period
		Long term: The number of youth tracked should reflect the number of program youth who are followed or monitored 6–12 months after completing program requirements.	Number of youth who received another sentence during the reporting period.
		·	Percent recidivism.
	Number and percent of program youth who are victimized (short and long term).	Number of program youth who are harmed or adversely affected by someone else's criminal actions. Victimization can be physical or psychological; it also includes harm or adverse effects to youth's property. The number of youth tracked should reflect the number of program youth who are followed or monitored for victimization. Ideally, this number should be all youth served by the program during the reporting period. Short term: The number of youth tracked should reflect the number of program youth who are followed or monitored during the reporting period. Long term: The number of youth tracked should reflect the number of program youth who are followed or monitored 6–12 months after exiting the program.	Total number of program youth served during the reporting period. Number of program youth tracked during the reporting period for victimization. Number of program youth victimized during the reporting period. Percent victimized.
	Number and percent of program youth who are revictimized (short and long term).	The revictimization measure counts the number of youth who experienced subsequent victimization. Victimization can be physical or psychological; it also includes harm or adverse effects to youth's property.	Total number of program youth served during the reporting period. Number of program youth tracked during

	The number of youth tracked should reflect the number of program youth who are followed or monitored for revictimization. Ideally, this number should be all youth served by the program during the reporting period. Short term: The number of youth tracked should reflect the number of program youth who are followed or monitored during the reporting period. Long term: The number of youth tracked should reflect the number of program youth who are followed or monitored 6–12 months after exiting the program.	the reporting period for revictimization. Number of program youth who were revictimized. Percent revictimized.
Percent of program youth who exhibit a desired change in the targeted behavior (short and long term).	Number and percent of program youth who have exhibited a desired change in the targeted behavior during the reporting period or 6–12 months after exiting the program. Targeted behavior will depend on specific program goals and activities and may include academic achievement, school attendance, social skills, etc. (short and long term). Data sources depend on the program activities. Short term: The number of youth tracked should reflect the number of program youth who are followed or monitored during the reporting period. Long term: The number of youth tracked should reflect the number of program youth who are followed or monitored during the reporting period for the targeted behavior, 6–12 months after completing the program requirements.	Number of program youth served during the reporting period with the noted behavioral change. Number of youth in the program who received services for this behavior. Percent of program youth with the noted behavioral change during the reporting period (short and long term).