South Dakota DMC Plan – FFY2019 Formula Grant Application

Statewide 7/1/2017 - 6/30/2018		White	Black	American Indian	Asian	Hispanic	All Minorities
	Population Data	70,029	3,266	12,831	1,667	4,932	22,696
Arrest	Number	2,041	394	1,704	43	234	2,375
	Percentage	2.91%	12.06%	13.28%	2.58%	4.74%	10.46%
Diversion	Number	1,163	161	630	15	163	969
	Percentage	1.66%	4.93%	4.91%	0.90%	3.30%	4.27%
Secure Detention	Number	595	104	704	7	47	862
	Percentage	0.85%	3.18%	5.49%	0.42%	0.95%	3.80%
Commitment	Number	38	6	37	-	3	46
	Percentage	0.05%	0.18%	0.29%	0.00%	0.06%	0.20%

Minnehaha 7/1/2017 - 6/30/2018		White	Black	American Indian	Asian	Hispanic	All Minorities
	Population Data	14,964	1,920	714	594	1,447	4,675
Arrest	Number	566	281	285	24	114	704
	Percentage	3.78%	14.64%	39.92%	4.04%	7.88%	15.06%
Diversion	Number	244	121	80	10	58	269
	Percentage	1.63%	6.30%	11.20%	1.68%	4.01%	5.75%
Secure	Number	180	82	172	6	39	299
Detention	Percentage	1.20%	4.27%	24.09%	1.01%	2.70%	6.40%
Commitment	Number	8	4	9	-	2	15
	Percentage	0.05%	0.21%	1.26%	0.00%	0.14%	0.32%

Pennington 7/1/2017 - 6/30/2018		White	Black	American Indian	Asian	Hispanic	All Minorities
	Population Data	8,095	269	1,743	166	818	2,996
Arrest	Number	465	41	697	3	60	801
	Percentage	5.74%	15.24%	39.99%	1.81%	7.33%	26.74%
Diversion	Number	402	30	398	4	70	502
	Percentage	4.97%	11.15%	22.83%	2.41%	8.56%	16.76%
Secure Detention	Number	174	13	338	1	-	352
	Percentage	2.15%	4.83%	19.39%	0.60%	0.00%	11.75%
Commitment	Number	1	-	11	-	1	12
	Percentage	0.01%	0.00%	0.63%	0.00%	0.12%	0.40%

Definitions:

Arrest - Youth are considered to be arrested when they are apprehended, stopped, or otherwise contacted by law enforcement agencies and suspected of having committed a status or delinquent act. Youth may be counted more than once if they had more than one arrest during the reporting period.

Source: Arrest Information obtained from the South Dakota Attorney General's Office.

Diversion - Youth referred to juvenile court for delinquent or status offenses are often screened by the States Attorney. The States Attorney may decide to dismiss the case for lack of legal sufficiency, to resolve the matter informally (without the filing of charges), or formally (with the filing of charges). The diversion population includes youth referred for legal processing but handled without the filing of formal charges. Youth may be counted more than once if they attended more than one diversion program during the reporting period.

Source: Referrals to the JJRI Diversion Fiscal Incentive Program overseen by the SD Department of Corrections.

Secure Detention - Detention refers to youth held in secure detention facilities at some point during court processing of cases- and youth held in secure detention following a court disposition. Admissions do not include mental health or protective custody holds. Secure detention admissions only. Youth may be counted more than once if they had more than one detention admission during the reporting period.

Source: Juvenile Detention Database Admissions for the fiscal year.

Commitment - Data consists of commitments to the Department of Corrections. Commitment data best reflects South Dakota's justice processes and the confinement decision point for youth. Placement with the Department of Corrections is a state-level decision point.

Source: SD Department of Corrections

Action Plan

1> What do your DMC numbers tell you about your jurisdiction?

- a. South Dakota's DMC numbers show that all minority groups make up 24% of the juvenile population at risk. Yet, they make up over 53% of the juvenile arrests, commitments, and detention admissions.
 - i. Minority youth in Minnehaha County account for 24% of the juvenile population but 62% of secure detention admissions and 65% of commitments to the Department of Corrections.
 - ii. Minority youth make up 27% of the Pennington County juvenile justice population but account for 67% of secure detention admissions and 63% of juvenile arrests.
- b. South Dakota's largest minority group is American Indian at almost 14% of the juvenile population at risk. This group alone makes up 39% of arrests, 48% of detention admissions, and 44% of juvenile commitments statewide.

2> What would success in DMC reduction look like in your state?

a. In a perfect world, success would be that there were no disparities at any of the contact points for minority youth.

3> How much do you want to reduce DMC next year?

a. Statewide, minority youth make up 59% of secure detention placements. South Dakota's goal is to reduce DMC by 2 percentage points at the data collection point of detention. South Dakota will track performance toward meeting their goal on the statewide level as well as in the two largest jurisdictions of Minnehaha and Pennington Counties.

4> Is that reasonable? If yes, why?

a. This is a reasonable goal because it is consistent with current reductions at the point of detention.
Current subgrants in Minnehaha and Pennington Counties under the program area of DMC for FY 2019 are also working in a manner that aims in reducing detention placements for minority youth.

5> What do you need from OJJDP to be successful with your plan?

- a. South Dakota would be interested in a training that focuses on Native American DMC reduction strategies as most trainings focus on other minority populations which is not always applicable to Native American youth.
- 6> What safeguards will you put in place to ensure that as you work to reduce DMC, you are still protecting the public, holding youth accountable, and equipping youth to live crime-free, productive lives?
 - a. South Dakota will continue to collaborate with justice partners at all contact points to lessen the unintended consequences related to our detention DMC reduction strategy. By being collaborative, our hope is that our strategy will not negatively impact other strategy points.