

The following pages outline performance measures for the **Fiscal Year 2020 Opioid Affected Youth Program** and list the data that grantees must report on to complete a Performance Data Report. The Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention (OJJDP) requires grantees to provide data for the performance measure in the column labeled "Data Grantee Reports." Grantees enter their data in the Performance Measures Tool (PMT), the OJJDP online system. The PMT automatically calculates simple statistics from the data entered, such as percentages and total amounts.

Grantees enter data in the PMT in January and July of each calendar year and are responsible for creating their Performance Data Report using the PMT. Grantees submit this report to OJJDP through the Grants Management System (GMS).

OJJDP groups performance measures for grantees performing similar grant-related activities, for example those who serve similar populations or who receive funding under the same program in the PMT, under a shared program area. Grantees for this solicitation report their data under the Discretionary 2.0 Grant programs, "system improvement and direct service intervention" subcategories. A full list of performance measures available in the Discretionary 2.0 Grant programs can be found at <a href="oijdppmt.ojp.gov/help/Grids/PDF/DiscretionaryGrid2.0">oijdppmt.ojp.gov/help/Grids/PDF/DiscretionaryGrid2.0</a> 508.pdf.

If you have questions about the PMT or performance measures, please call the **OJJDP PMT Helpdesk at 866–487–0512** or send an e-mail to: **OJJDPPMT@ojp.usdoj.gov**.

	System Improvement	Performance Measures	
Performance Measure	Definition	Data Grantee Reports	Record Data Here
Number of system-level initiatives implemented during the reporting period.	Number of system-level initiatives implemented during the reporting period.  Only count a system-level initiative as implemented on the date a new policy or practice is first put into operation to implement the new initiative. If your jurisdiction is implementing more than one system-level initiative during a reporting period, count each initiative separately.	A. Number of system-level initiatives implemented during the reporting period.	
	If significant changes are made to an original initiative design during the award cycle, count each time a new policy or practice is put into operation during a reporting period.		
	A system-level initiative includes changing policies and practices to how the jurisdiction's juvenile justice system operates. System-level initiatives impact multiple stakeholders, agencies, and organizations. System-level initiatives do		

Performance Measure	System Improvement Definition	Performance Measures Data Grantee Reports	Record Data Here
Terrormance weasure	not include starting a new program, unless the new program is in response to a change in policy or practice.	Data Grantee Reports	Record Bata Here
	Program records are the preferred data source.		
Number of memoranda of understanding (MOU) implemented.	MOUs implemented during the reporting period. Include all formal partnering or coordination agreements.	A. Number of MOUs implemented during the reporting period.	
	Only count the date when the MOU was officially signed by all participants.		
	Program records are the preferred data source.		
Number of system planning activities conducted.	Number of system planning activities undertaken during the reporting period. System planning activities focus on system-level initiatives and include creation of task forces or interagency committees, meetings held, needs assessments undertaken, etc.	A. Number of system planning activities undertaken.	
	Program records are the preferred data source.		
Number of new, revised, or rescinded system-level policies or procedures enacted during the reporting period.	Number of new, revised, or rescinded system-level policies enacted during the reporting period. A policy is a plan or specific course of action that guides the general goals and directives of programs and/or agencies. Include policies that are relevant to the systems improvement initiatives or that affect system-level operations.	A. Number of new system-level policies or procedures enacted during the reporting period.  B. Number of system-level policies or procedures revised during the reporting period.  C. Number of system-level policies or procedures rescinded during the reporting period.	
	Program records are the preferred data source.		
Number of agency policies or procedures created, amended, or rescinded.	Number of cross-program or agency policies or procedures created, amended, or rescinded during the reporting period. A policy is a plan or specific course of action that guides the general goals and directives of programs	Number of new cross- program or agency policies or procedures enacted during the reporting period.      Number of cross- program or agency policies or procedures	

	System Improvement	Performance Measures	
Performance Measure	Definition	Data Grantee Reports	Record Data Here
	and/or agencies. Include policies that are relevant to the cross-programs or agencies that affect operations.  Program records are the preferred data source.	revised during the reporting period.  C. Number of cross-program or agency policies or procedures rescinded during the reporting period.	
Number of systems that have established interagency planning bodies.	Number of planning bodies or interagency coordinating groups established during the reporting period. Only count the first time the planning body or interagency coordinating group meets.  Program records are the preferred data source.	A. Number of planning bodies or interagency coordinating groups established during the reporting period.	
Number of programs and/or agencies that are sharing automated data during the reporting period.	Number of programs and/or agencies using automated data systems that enable the appropriate sharing of justice information with partners during the reporting period.  Only count the first time a program(s) and/or agency share justice information. A program and/or agency may have multiple partnerships to share justice information. Count each partnership between a program and/or agency separately.	A. Number of programs and/or agencies sharing automated data.	
Number of cross-sector partnerships established.	Number of partnerships established and maintained during the reporting period to support system improvement efforts, by type of partner agency/organization. Partner organizations may include schools, law enforcement officials, prosecutors, defense counsel, judges, jail officials, corrections officials, public and private service providers, local public interest groups, and healthcare providers.  Program records are the preferred data source.	<ul> <li>A. Number of new partnerships established during the reporting period.</li> <li>B. Number of partnerships ended during the reporting period.</li> <li>C. Number of partnerships continued from the previous reporting period.</li> <li>D. Number of new partnerships established with schools during the reporting period.</li> </ul>	

	System Improvement I	Performance Measures
Performance Measure	Definition	Data Grantee Reports Record Data Here
		E. Number of new partnerships established with law enforcement agencies during the reporting period.
		F. Number of new partnerships established with prosecutors during the reporting period.
		G. Number of new partnerships established with defense counsel during the reporting period.
		H. Number of new partnerships established with judges during the reporting period.
		I. Number of new partnerships established with jail officials during the reporting period.
		J. Number of new partnerships established with corrections officials during the reporting period.
		K. Number of new partnerships established with public and private service providers during the reporting period.
		L. Number of new partnerships established with public interest groups during the reporting period.
		M. Number of new partnerships established with healthcare providers during the reporting period.
		N. Number of new partnerships

	System Improvement	Performance Measures	
Performance Measure	Definition	Data Grantee Reports	Record Data Here
		established with other groups or organizations during the reporting period.	
Number of new community-based services established (by type) during the reporting period.	Number of new community-based services established (by type) during the reporting period. Community-based services are provided to youth during the day and do not include residential services where a youth spends the night away from home. Only count a community-based service once, the first time the services are provided to youth.  A community-based service may be a specific program or agency operated by a nonprofit organization, public entity, or private organization. Community-based services may be counted in more than one type listed.  Trauma-informed services realize the widespread impact of trauma and understand potential paths for recovery; recognize the signs and symptoms of trauma; fully integrate knowledge about trauma into policies, procedures, and practices; and resist retraumatization.  Gender-responsive services are designed to promote healthy attitudes, behaviors, and lifestyles, and promote social competence in girls.  School-based services are provided in school as an alternative to formal involvement in the juvenile justice system.  Diversion programs divert youth from entering the juvenile justice system in place of the filing of formal charges. This may include	A. Total number of community-based services established during the reporting period.  B. Number of traumainformed services established during the reporting period.  C. Number of gender-responsive services established during the reporting period.  D. Number of school-based services established during the reporting period.  E. Number of diversion services established during the reporting period.  F. Number of detention alternative services established during the reporting period.  G. Number of other community-based services established during the reporting period.	

		Performance Measures	
Performance Measure	Definition pre- or post-arrest and/or	Data Grantee Reports	Record Data Here
	pre- or post-charge.		
	Alternative-to-detention programs provide options for supervising youth pending action of the juvenile court.		
Percent change in youth arrested.	The percent change in youth arrested during the reporting period compared to before the grant start date. Count the number of youth who were arrested within your jurisdiction during the reporting period. Count each arrest of a youth by local, county, and state law enforcement agency at the time of the arrest decision.	<ul> <li>A. Number of youth arrested within your jurisdiction during the 6 months prior to the grant start date (baseline measure).</li> <li>B. Number of youth arrested within your jurisdiction during the reporting period.</li> <li>C. Percent change ((B-A)/A).</li> </ul>	
	Youth are counted as arrested when law enforcement agencies apprehend, stop, or otherwise contact them and suspect them of having committed a delinquent act. Delinquent acts are those that, if an adult commits them, would be criminal, including crimes against persons, crimes against property, drug offenses, and crimes against the public order.		
	Only enter the baseline number during the first reporting period. The baseline number is the total number of youth arrested in your jurisdiction during the 6 months prior to the grant award start date.		
	Court or law enforcement records are the preferred data source.		
Percent change in youth referrals to law enforcement from schools.	The percent change in youth referrals to law enforcement from schools during the reporting period compared to before the grant start date. Count the number of youth who were referred to	A. Number of youth who were referred to law enforcement by schools within your jurisdiction during the 6 months prior to the grant start	

		Performance Measures	
Performance Measure	Definition	Data Grantee Reports	Record Data Here
	law enforcement by schools within your jurisdiction for school-based offenses during the reporting period. Count each referral of an individual youth to law enforcement by school staff.  School-based offenses are any behaviors that are illegal in your state for underage persons alone or for both underage persons and adults and occur in an educational setting. Educational settings may include a public school, private school, charter school, or school located in a juvenile correctional facility.  Only enter the baseline number during the first reporting period. The baseline number is the total number of youth referred to law enforcement by schools in your jurisdiction during the 6 months prior to the grant award start date.  School district, law enforcement, or court records are the preferred data source.	date (baseline measure).  B. Number of youth who were referred to law enforcement by schools within your jurisdiction during the reporting period.  C. Percent change ((B-A)/A).	
Percent change in youth diverted.	The percent change in youth diverted during the reporting period compared to before the grant start date. Count the number of youth diverted during the reporting period within your jurisdiction. The diversion population includes all youth referred for legal processing but handled without the filing of formal charges with the juvenile court.  Count all youth who were diverted by law enforcement, prosecutor, school officials, etc. at the time of the diversion decision. Count all youth diverted at any decision point within the system	A. Total number of youth diverted within your jurisdiction during the 6 months prior to the grant start date (baseline measure).  B. Total number of youth diverted within your jurisdiction during the reporting period.  C. Percent change ((B-A)/A).	

	1	Performance Measures	
Performance Measure	Definition	Data Grantee Reports	Record Data Here
	(e.g., pre-arrest, post-arrest, recharge, post-charge, etc.).  Only enter the baseline number during the first reporting period. The baseline number is the total number of youth diverted in your jurisdiction during the 6 months prior to the grant award start date.  Program records are the preferred data source.		
Percent change in youth in out-of-home placement.	The percent change in youth placed out of the home during the reporting period compared to the grant start date. Count the number of youth under the authority of your jurisdiction's juvenile court placed out of the home during the reporting period. Only count youth who are charged with or court-adjudicated for an offense and placed out of the home by the juvenile court. Count youth who spend a minimum of one night in out-of-home placement during the reporting period. Count youth at the time of the placement decision.  Do not include youth placed in a detention facility or out of the home because of their status as a Person in Need of Services (PINS) or a Child in Need of Services (CHINS).  Out-of-home placement is defined as a residential setting where a youth is placed after some contact with the juvenile justice system. Placement settings include youth in a training school/long-term secure facility, reception or diagnostic center, group home/halfway house, residential treatment center, boot camp, ranch, forestry camp, wilderness or marine	A. Number of youth placed out of the home by your jurisdiction's juvenile court during the 6 months prior to the grant start date (baseline measure).  B. Number of youth placed out of the home by your jurisdiction's juvenile court during the reporting period.  C. Percent change ((B-A)/A).	

System Improvement Performance Measures			
Performance Measure	Definition	Data Grantee Reports	Record Data Here
	program or farm, runaway and homeless shelter, or other type of shelter such as emergency nonsecure shelter.  Only enter the baseline number during the first reporting period. The baseline number is the total number of youth placed out of the home by your jurisdiction's juvenile court during the 6 months prior to the grant award start date.  Court records are the preferred data source.		

	Direct Service Intervention Performance Measures			
Performance Measure	Definition	Data Grantee Reports	Record Data Here	
Number of program youth served.	An unduplicated count of the number of youth served by the program during the reporting period. Definition of the number of youth served for a reporting period is the number of program youth carried over from the previous reporting period, plus new admissions during the reporting period.  Program records are the preferred data source.	<ul> <li>A. Number of program youth carried over from the previous reporting period.</li> <li>B. New admissions during the reporting period.</li> <li>C. Sum (A+B).</li> </ul>		
Number and percent of program youth completing program requirements.	Number and percent of program youth who have successfully fulfilled all program obligations and requirements. This does not include youth who are still in ongoing programs. Program obligations will vary by program, but they should be a predefined list of requirements or obligations that youth must meet before program completion, such as attendance and participation at a certain number of meetings or events.  The total number of youth (the B value) includes those youth who have exited	A. Number of program youth who exited the program having completed program requirements.  B. Total number of youth who exited the program during the reporting period (either successfully or unsuccessfully).  C. Percent (A/B).		

	Direct Service Intervention	on Performance Measures	
Performance Measure	Definition	Data Grantee Reports	Record Data Here
	successfully as well as those who have exited unsuccessfully.  Program records are the preferred data source.		
Number and percent of families completing program requirements.	Number and percent of families (families may include parents, guardians, siblings, extended guardians, and anyone a youth identifies as a family member) who have successfully fulfilled all program obligations and requirements during the reporting period.  This does not include families who are still in ongoing programs. Program obligations will vary by program, but should be a predefined list of requirements or obligations that clients must meet before program completion.  The total number of families includes those who have exited successfully as well as those who have exited unsuccessfully.	A. Number of families who exited the program having completed program requirements.  B. Total number of families who exited the program during the reporting period (either successfully or unsuccessfully).  C. Percent (A/B).	
	Program records are the preferred data source.		
Percent of program youth exhibiting a desired change in the targeted behavior – substance use (short term).	Number and percent of program youth who have exhibited a decrease in substance use during the reporting period.  Self-report or staff ratings are the most likely data sources.	A. Number of program youth served during the reporting period with the noted behavioral change.  B. Total number of youth receiving services for the targeted behavior during the reporting period.  C. Percent (A/B).	
Percent of program youth exhibiting a desired change in the targeted behavior – substance use (long term).	Number and percent of program youth who exhibited a decrease in substance use 6–12 months after exiting the program.  The number of youth tracked should reflect the number of program youth who are followed or	A. Total number of program youth exiting the program 6–12 months ago tracked for the targeted behavior during the reporting period.  B. Of A, the number of program youth with the	

	1	on Performance Measures	
Performance Measure	Definition	Data Grantee Reports	Record Data Here
Number and percent of	monitored 6–12 months after completing program requirements.  Self-report, staff ratings, or urinalysis are the most likely data sources.  Number and percent of participating program youth	noted behavioral change during the reporting period.  C. Percent (B/A).  A. Total number of program youth served.	
program youth who offend (short term).	participating program youth who were arrested or seen at a juvenile court for a delinquent offense during the reporting period. Appropriate for any youth-serving program. Official records (police, juvenile court) are the preferred data source.  The number of youth tracked should reflect the number of program youth who are followed or monitored for arrests or offenses. Ideally this number should be all youth served by the program during the reporting period.  A youth may be "committed" to a juvenile facility any time that he/she is held overnight. Certain jurisdictions refer to adjudications as "sentences."  Other sentences may be community-based sanctions, such as community service, probation, etc.  Example: If I am tracking 50 program youth, then B would be 50. Of these 50 program youth, I am tracking, if 25 were arrested or had a delinquent offense during the reporting period, then C would be 25. This logic should follow for D, E, and F values. The percent of youth offending who are measured short term will be auto calculated in G.	program youth served during the reporting period.  B. Number of program youth tracked during the reporting period.  C. Of B, the number of program youth who had an arrest or delinquent offense during the reporting period.  D. Number of program youth who were committed to a juvenile facility during the reporting period.  E. Number of program youth who were sentenced to adult prison during the reporting period.  F. Number of youth who received another sentence during the reporting period.  G. Percent offending (C/B).	

	Direct Service Intervention	on Performance Measures	
Performance Measure	Definition	Data Grantee Reports	Record Data Here
Number and percent of program youth who offend (long term).	Number and percent of participating program youth who were arrested or seen at a juvenile court for a delinquent offense during the reporting period, Appropriate for any youth-serving program. Official records (police, juvenile court) are the preferred data source.  The number of youth tracked should reflect the number of program youth who are followed or monitored for arrests or offenses 6–12 months after completing program requirements.  A youth may be "committed" to a juvenile facility any time that he/she is held overnight. Certain jurisdictions refer to adjudications as "sentences."  Other sentences may be community-based sanctions, such as community service, probation, etc.  Example: A grantee may have several youth who exited the program 6–12 months ago; however, they are tracking only 100 of them. Therefore, the A value will be 100. Of these 100 program youth who exited the program 6–12 months ago, 65 had an arrest or delinquent offense during the reporting period; therefore, the B value should be recorded as 65. This logic should follow for C, D, and E values. The percent of youth offending who are measured long term will be auto calculated in F.	A. Total number of program youth tracked during the reporting period who exited the program 6–12 months ago.  B. Of A, the number of program youth who had an arrest or delinquent offense during the reporting period.  C. Number of program youth who were committed to a juvenile facility during the reporting period.  D. Number of program youth who were sentenced to adult prison during the reporting period.  E. Number of youth who received another sentence during the reporting period.  F. Percent offending (B/A).	
Number and percent of program youth who reoffend (short term).	Number and percent of participating program youth who were arrested or seen at a juvenile court for a new	A. Total number of program youth served during the reporting period.	

		on Performance Measures
Performance Measure	Definition	Data Grantee Reports Record Data Here
Performance Measure	delinquent offense during the reporting period. Appropriate for any youth-serving program.  Official records (police, juvenile court) are the preferred data source.  The number of youth tracked should reflect the number of program youth who are followed or monitored for new arrests or offenses. Ideally, this number should be all youth served by the program during the reporting period.  Certain jurisdictions refer to adjudications as "sentences."  Other sentences may be community-based sanctions, such as community service, probation, etc.  Example: If I am tracking 50 program youth, the B value would be 50. Of these 50 program youth, I am tracking, if 25 had a new arrest or a new delinquent offense during the reporting period, then C would be 25. This logic should follow for D, E, and F values.  The percent of youth reoffending who are measured short term will be auto calculated in G.	B. Number of program youth tracked during the reporting period. C. Of B, the number of program youth who had a new arrest or new delinquent offense during the reporting period. D. Number of program youth who were recommitted to a juvenile facility during the reporting period. E. Number of program youth who were sentenced to adult prison during the reporting period. F. Number of youth who received another sentence during the reporting period. G. Percent recidivism (C/B).
Number and percent of program youth who reoffend (long term).	Number and percent of participating program youth who were arrested or seen at a juvenile court for a new delinquent offense during the reporting period.  Appropriate for any youth-serving program.  Official records (police, juvenile court) are the preferred data source.  The number of youth tracked should reflect the number of program youth	A. Total number of program youth tracked during the reporting period who exited the program 6–12 months ago.  B. Of A, the number of program youth who had a new arrest or new delinquent offense during the reporting period.  C. Number of program youth who were recommitted to a

	Direct Service Intervention	on Performance Measures	
Performance Measure	Definition	Data Grantee Reports	Record Data Here
	who are followed or monitored 6–12 months after completing program requirements.  Certain jurisdictions refer to adjudications as "sentences."  Other sentences may be community-based sanctions, such as community service, probation, etc.  Example: A grantee may have several youth who exited the program 6–12 months ago; however, they are tracking only 100 of them. Therefore, the A value will be 100. Of these 100 program youth who exited the program 6–12 months ago, 65 had an arrest or delinquent offense during the reporting period; therefore, the B value should be recorded as 65. This logic should follow for C, D, and E values. The percent of youth offending who are measured long term will be auto calculated in F.	juvenile facility during the reporting period.  D. Number of program youth who were sentenced to adult prison during the reporting period.  E. Number of youth who received another sentence during the reporting period.  F. Percent recidivism (B/A).	
Number and percent of program youth who are victimized (short term).	The number of youth identified by staff or self as a victim, by type of victimization, during the reporting period. Count youth as served by the program if they received a minimum of one service delivery, as defined by the grant program.  Definitions:  Victimization:  Victimization can be physical or psychological; it also includes harm or adverse effects to youth's property.  Short-term data:  Totals reflect all youth served by the program followed or monitored for	<ul> <li>A. Total number of program youth served during the reporting period.</li> <li>B. Number of program youth tracked during the reporting period for victimization.</li> <li>C. Of B, the number of program youth who were victimized during the reporting period.</li> <li>D. Percent victimized (C/B).</li> <li>E. Of youth tracked, the number of program youth who experienced violent victimization during the reporting period.</li> <li>F. Of youth tracked, the number of program youth who experienced number of program youth who experienced nonviolent victimization</li> </ul>	

	Direct Service Intervention	on Performance Measures	
Performance Measure	Definition	Data Grantee Reports	Record Data Here
	victimization during the reporting period.  Sex trafficking:  Sex trafficking in which a commercial sex act is induced by force, fraud, or coercion, or in which the person induced to perform such act has not attained 18 years of age. Include all youth tracked during the reporting period and youth victimized prior to program participation.  Labor trafficking:  The recruitment, harboring, transportation, provision, or obtaining of a person for labor or services through the use of force, fraud, or coercion for the purpose of subjection to involuntary servitude, peonage, debt bondage, or slavery. Include all youth tracked during the reporting period and youth victimized prior to program participation.	during the reporting period.  G. Of youth tracked, the number of all program youth identified as a sex trafficking victim during the reporting period.  H. Of youth tracked, the number of new program youth identified as a sex trafficking victim during the reporting period.  I. Of youth tracked, the number of all program youth identified as a labor trafficking victim during the reporting period.  J. Of youth tracked, the number of new program youth identified as a labor trafficking victim during the reporting period.  K. Of youth tracked, the number of all program youth identified as a labor trafficking victim during the reporting period.  K. Of youth tracked, the number of all program youth identified as both a sex and labor trafficking victim during the reporting period.  L. Of youth tracked, the number of new program youth identified as both a sex and labor trafficking victim during the reporting period.	
Number and percent of program youth who are victimized (long term).	The number of youth who exited the program 6–12 months ago who were tracked or monitored by the program during the reporting period and identified by staff or self as a new victim, by type of victimization. If a youth experienced multiple types of victimization, count the youth in each relevant category.  Definitions:  Victimization:	<ul> <li>A. Number of program youth who exited the program 6–12 months ago who the program is tracking or monitoring during the reporting period.</li> <li>B. Of A, the number of program youth who exited the program 6–12 months ago who were victimized during the reporting period.</li> <li>C. Percent victimized (B/A).</li> </ul>	

	Direct Service Intervention	on Performance Measures
Performance Measure	Definition	Data Grantee Reports Record Data Here
	Victimization can be physical or psychological; it also includes harm or adverse effects to youth's property.  Long-term data:  Totals reflect all youth served by the program who exited the program 6–12 months ago and were followed or monitored for victimization during the reporting period.  Sex trafficking:  Sex trafficking in which a commercial sex act is induced by force, fraud, or coercion, or in which the person induced to perform such act has not attained 18 years of age.  Labor trafficking:  The recruitment, harboring, transportation, provision, or obtaining of a person for labor or services through the use of force, fraud, or coercion for the purpose of subjection to involuntary servitude, peonage, debt bondage, or slavery.	D. Of youth tracked, the number of program youth who exited the program 6–12 months ago who experienced violent victimization during the reporting period.  E. Of youth tracked, the number of program youth who exited the program 6–12 months ago who experienced nonviolent victimization during the reporting period.  F. Of youth tracked, the number of program youth who exited the program 6–12 months ago identified as a sex trafficking victim during the reporting period.  G. Of youth tracked, the number of program youth who exited the program 6–12 months ago identified as a labor trafficking victim during the reporting period.  H. Of youth tracked, the number of program youth who exited the program 6–12 months ago identified as a labor trafficking victim during the reporting period.  H. Of youth tracked, the number of program youth who exited the program 6–12 months ago identified as both a sex and labor trafficking victim during the reporting period.
Number and percent of youth who are revictimized (short term).	The number of youth identified by staff or self as a youth experiencing revictimization, by type of victimization, during the reporting period. Count youth as served by the program if they received a minimum of one service delivery, as defined by the grant program.  Definitions:  Victimization:  Victimization can be physical or psychological; it also	<ul> <li>A. Number of program youth tracked during the reporting period for revictimization.</li> <li>B. Of A, the number of program youth who were revictimized.</li> <li>C. Percent revictimized (B/A).</li> <li>D. Of youth tracked, the number of program youth who experienced revictimization of violence during the reporting period.</li> <li>E. Of youth tracked, the number of program</li> </ul>

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Performance Measure	includes harm or adverse effects to youth's property.  Short-term data:  Totals reflect all youth served by the program who were followed or monitored for revictimization during the reporting period.  Sex trafficking:  Sex trafficking in which a commercial sex act is induced by force, fraud, or coercion, or in which the person induced to perform such act has not attained 18 years of age.  Labor trafficking:  The recruitment, harboring, transportation, provision, or obtaining of a person for labor or services through the use of force, fraud, or coercion for the purpose of subjection to involuntary servitude, peonage, debt bondage, or slavery.	youth who experienced revictimization of nonviolence during the reporting period.  F. Of youth tracked, the number of youth who experienced revictimization of sex trafficking during the reporting period.  G. Of youth tracked, the number of program youth who experienced revictimization of labor trafficking during the reporting period.  H. Of youth tracked, the number of program youth who experienced revictimization of both sex and labor trafficking during the reporting period.	Record Data Here
Number and percent of youth who are revictimized (long term).	The number of youth who exited the program 6–12 months ago who were tracked or monitored by the program during the reporting period and identified by staff or self as a youth experiencing revictimization, by type of victimization. If a youth experienced multiple types of revictimization, count the youth in each relevant category.  Definitions:  Victimization can be physical or psychological; it also includes harm or adverse effects to youth's property.  Long-term data:  Totals reflect all youth served by the program	A. Number of program youth who exited the program 6–12 months ago tracked for revictimization.  B. Of A, the number of program youth who were revictimized during the reporting period.  C. Percent revictimized (B/A).  D. Of tracked youth, the number of program youth who exited the program 6–12 months ago who experienced revictimization of violence during the reporting period.  E. Of tracked youth, the number of program youth who exited the program of program youth who exited the program 6–12 months ago who experienced revictimization of	

Direct Service Intervention Performance Measures			
Performance Measure	Definition	Data Grantee Reports Record Data Here	
	followed or monitored for revictimization 6–12 months after the reporting period.  Sex trafficking:  Sex trafficking in which a commercial sex act is induced by force, fraud, or coercion, or in which the person induced to perform such act has not attained 18 years of age.  Labor trafficking:  The recruitment, harboring, transportation, provision, or obtaining of a person for labor or services through the use of force, fraud, or coercion for the purpose of subjection to involuntary servitude, peonage, debt bondage, or slavery.	F. Of tracked youth, the number of program youth who exited the program 6–12 months ago who experienced revictimization of sex trafficking during the reporting period.  G. Of tracked youth, the number of program youth who exited the program 6–12 months ago who experienced revictimization of labor trafficking during the	