

# **JUVENILE MENTORING**

# PERFORMANCE REPORT

July-December 2020

Publication date: Fall 2022

#### **WORKING FOR YOUTH JUSTICE AND SAFETY**

#### **VISION STATEMENT**

OJJDP envisions a nation where our children are free from crime and violence. If they come into contact with the justice system, the contact should be rare, fair, and beneficial to them.

#### MISSION STATEMENT

OJJDP provides national leadership, coordination, and resources to prevent and respond to youth delinquency and victimization. The Office helps states, localities, and tribes develop effective and equitable juvenile justice systems that create safer communities and empower youth to lead productive lives.

This report was produced by Booz Allen Hamilton under contract number DJO-BJA-16-S-0272, awarded by the Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention (OJJDP), U.S. Department of Justice. The opinions, findings, and conclusions or recommendations expressed in this report are those of the contributors and do not necessarily represent the official position or policies of the U.S. Department of Justice. The accuracy of the data in this document is dependent on the precision of grantee data entry. All information included reflects self-reported data provided by OJJDP grantees.

Data during the July-December 2020 activity period was impacted by the Covid-19 global pandemic. Grantees and service providers experienced a disruption to services, which raised obstacles for service delivery and data collection. The following data reflects services adapted to and provided during the Covid-19 pandemic.

It is important to note that accurate data rely on correct data tracking and entry by the grantees and those agencies reporting to grantees, as such the data and analysis findings provided reflect the information as reported. The Office of Justice Programs makes no representations as to the accuracy or completeness of the data presented, nor does it make any inferences as to the effectiveness of grant funded programs and the associated outcomes.

#### INTRODUCTION

The Juvenile Mentoring program, administered by the Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention (OJJDP), strengthens the capacity of national, regional, and local nonprofit organizations to expand their youth mentoring services. Mentoring services support a match between a mentor and one or more youth and include direct one-on-one, group, peer, or a combination of mentoring types. Mentoring promotes positive behaviors, attitudes, and outcomes for youth; and reduces risk factors associated with delinquency, such as poor school performance and substance use.

OJJDP requires grantees to report on performance measures to demonstrate whether the Juvenile Mentoring program achieved its goals, to improve program and policy decisions. This report presents Juvenile Mentoring program activities occurring between July and December 2020, which highlight grantee results achieved with OJJDP funding.

### **Highlights**

114,227
Number of

vouth served

Demonstrated short-term<sup>1</sup> positive behavior change



Matched with a mentor



Youth offending



Grantees/subgrantees implemented an evidence-based program



#### **OVERVIEW OF AWARD INFORMATION**

During the July–December 2020 activity period, the OJJDP's Juvenile Mentoring program grantees managed 100 total federal awards, and successfully completed 77 performance reports for this activity period, a compliance rate of 77 percent (figure 1). Overall, 79 awards were operational during the activity period. Additionally, 383 active subgrantees completed performance reports for the activity period. In total, operational awards submitting performance measure data represents over \$135 million in federal funding.<sup>2</sup>

Figure 1. Award Details







383 i¥i
Operational subawards
(provided services during the period)



Short term includes youth tracked for the behavior of interest who received services during the activity period or youth who exited during the activity period.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Funding amounts represent total funding for the life of the awards and does not represent actual grantee spending during the activity period.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Total funding: \$135,563,005.

#### YOUTH MATCHED WITH A MENTOR

A Juvenile Mentoring program goal is to increase the number of youth in a mentoring relationship. During the July–December 2020 activity period, grantees served a total of 114,227 youth<sup>4</sup>, enrolling 50,822 new youth (figure 2). Additionally, grantees recruited 14,204 new mentors, a 5 percent percent decrease from the previous activity period,<sup>5</sup> for a total of 35,786 mentors enrolled. Recruitment efforts resulted in grantees successfully matching 93 percent of enrolled youth with a mentor during the activity period. Grantees achieved high mentor retention, with 90 percent of mentors continuing as a mentor at the end of the activity period.

Figure 2. Mentor Recruitment and Youth Matched

14,204

New mentors recruited

35,786

Total mentors enrolled



Youth matched<sup>6</sup>



105,385/113,158

Mentors retained



3,745/35,786

#### **EVIDENCE-BASED PROGRAMS**

OJJDP supports evidence-based practices and programs, which effectively reduce delinquency and improve youth outcomes. Effective mentoring programs follow recruitment, screening, training, matching, monitoring, and support services standards.<sup>7</sup> During the July–December 2020 activity period, 93 percent of Juvenile Mentoring awards implemented evidence-based programs (n = 458), serving 78 percent of youth with an evidence-based program (n = 114,227).

## TARGET BEHAVIORS

Grantees report on youth behavior changes in targeted areas (i.e., family relationships, school attendance). During the July–December 2020 activity period, grantees observed the largest improvement among youth for prosocial behavior and community involvement with 81 percent demonstrating a short-term positive change (figure 3).8 In the short term, overall 70 percent of youth showed improvements in a targeted behavior.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Youth served includes youth receiving any type of service by a grantee or subgrantee (e.g., mentoring, group activities, case management) and includes youth matched with a mentor, and youth waiting for a mentor.

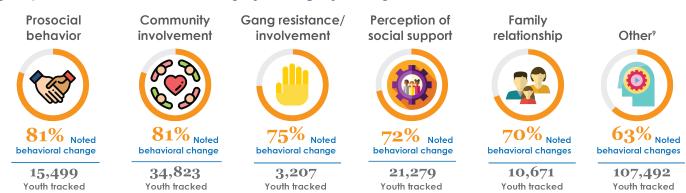
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention. Juvenile Mentoring Performance Report July–December 2018. ojjdppmt.ojp.gov/)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Note data did not undergo the full verification process during the July–December 2020 reporting period (due to the volume of ongoing work being done for the Performance Measure Review effort).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> National Mentoring Resource Center. Elements of Effective Practice for Mentoring, Fourth Edition. (September 2015). https://www.mentoring.org/program-resources/elements-of-effective-practice-for-mentoring/

<sup>8</sup> Short term includes youth tracked for the behavior of interest who received services during the activity period or youth who exited the program during the activity period.

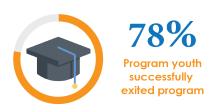
Figure 3. Short-term Outcome Percentages for the Specified Target Behaviors



#### YOUTH PROGRAM SUCCESS

Mentoring programs define the specific expectations for their program's mentoring relationships and program completion requirements. Healthy and successful mentoring relationships meet consistently and frequently. During July–December 2020, 77,096 mentoring relationships met the intended minimum match length and 14,002 exceeded the minimum match length, while 75,601 mentors met for the minimum monthly hours and 16,253 exceeded the minimum monthly hours. Youth who fulfilled program requirements, successfully exited,

Figure 4. Percent of Youth Exiting Successfully



while those who failed to complete the requirements, such as those expelled or who voluntarily left, exited the program unsuccessfully. Of the 38,635 youth who exited a mentoring program during the activity period, grantees reported 78 percent successfully exited (figure 4).

#### YOUTH DELINQUENCY

To track their program's success at reducing delinquency and improving outcomes for participants, grantees monitor youth for offenses and recidivism during and following a youth's involvement in a mentoring program. Grantees monitored 57,756 program youth during the July–December 2020 activity period, of which less than 1 percent had an arrest or delinquent offense in the short term (figure 5). Recidivism rates were also low, with less than 1 percent of program youth tracked during the activity period reoffending in the short term (figure 5).

Figure 5. Short-term Youth Delinquency Outcomes



<sup>9</sup> Other includes antisocial behavior, social competence, substance use, school attendance, GED, GPA, and occupational skill training.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> The mentoring program environment determines the length of a match and the number of hours per month (e.g., school-based mentoring programs may meet 1 hour a week for the 9-month academic-year, or one-on-one mentoring matches may meet for 2–4 hours a month for 1 year.

#### YOUTH VICTIMIZATION

Violent victimization, childhood exposure to violence, and child maltreatment are risk factors that increase a youth's likelihood of engaging in delinquency or other negative behaviors.<sup>11</sup> Positive mentoring relationships can build protective factors to counter the risks of childhood and youth victimization.<sup>12</sup> Mentoring grantees reported that 2 percent of the 17,665 program youth tracked during the activity period were victimized (figure 6), with the majority experiencing non-violent victimization. Of youth previously identified as a victim, 2 percent experienced re-victimization during the activity period (figure 6).

Figure 6. Short-term Victimization Outcomes



341/17,665



#### VICTIMS OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING

OJJDP funds the Specialized Services and Mentoring for Child and Youth Victims of Sex Trafficking Initiative to increase the availability of mentoring opportunities and support services for children and youth identified as victims of human trafficking. Under this mentoring initiative, during the activity period, grantees identified 42 program youth as victims of sex trafficking, of whom 35 youth were identified as new victims of sex trafficking. Additionally, grantees provided services to victims of human trafficking, including 81 youth receiving mentoring services, 69 youth receiving case management, and 341 youth receiving health care, life skills, housing, basic needs, and other services.

To facilitate outreach efforts and develop communities' capacities to serve youth trafficking victims, grantees held 78 training events on human trafficking during the activity period.

42
Youth identified as victims of sex trafficking

78
Training events on human trafficking

1,353

ed trainings

Participants attended trainings

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention. (December 2015). Risk Factors for Delinquency. https://www.ojjdp.gov/mpg/Resource/LitReviews/Risk%20Factors.pdf

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention. (February 2011). Mentoring. https://www.ojjdp.gov/mpg/litreviews/Mentoring.pdf

#### CONCLUSION

Through the Juvenile Mentoring program, OJJDP provides national leadership to strengthen and expand the delivery of high-quality mentoring opportunities to a diverse population of youth at risk of victimization or involvement in the juvenile justice system. During the July–December 2020 activity period, OJJDP-funded Juvenile Mentoring awards served 114,227 youth. Grantees recruited 14,204 new mentors, matching 93 percent of program youth with a mentor during the activity period, with 90 percent of mentors remaining with the program at the end of the activity period. Overall, 70 percent of program youth showed a behavioral improvement, including improvements in prosocial behavior, community involvement, perception of social support, gang resistance involvement, and family relationships. Grantees especially succeeded at preventing delinquency during this activity period, with over 99 percent of youth served that did not offend or reoffend. Additionally, grantees identified 42 program youth as victims of sex trafficking, providing mentoring and other support services to youth trafficking victims during the activity period. These results support the research and demonstrate the positive impact of mentoring programs in strengthening youth's protective factors and reducing risk factors associated with juvenile justice system involvement and victimization.<sup>13</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> National Institute of Justice. Mentoring. <u>www.crimesolutions.gov/TopicDetails.aspx?ID=290</u>