

DISCRETIONARY 2.0 GRANT PROGRAMS

System improvement and targeted prevention and intervention awards

PERFORMANCE REPORT

July-December 2019

ENHANCING SAFETY • ENSURING ACCOUNTABILITY • EMPOWERING YOUTH

This report was produced by Booz Allen Hamilton under contract number DJO-BJA-16-S-0272, awarded by the Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention (OJJDP), U.S. Department of Justice. The opinions, findings, and conclusions or recommendations expressed in this report are those of the contributors and do not necessarily represent the official position or policies of the U.S. Department of Justice. The accuracy of the data in this document is dependent on the precision of grantee data entry. All information included reflects self-reported data provided by OJJDP grantees.

INTRODUCTION

The Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention (OJJDP) awards states, territories, tribes, local governments, and nonprofit organizations multi-year grants to improve state and local justice systems and provide prevention and intervention programming for targeted youth populations. OJJDP requires award recipients to report on performance measures to demonstrate whether funded initiatives and services achieved their goals and to improve OJJDP's programs and policy decisions. This report presents the results of OJJDP system improvement initiatives and targeted prevention and intervention services during the July–December 2019 activity period for the awards listed in the appendix.

System improvement activities include capacity building, policy changes, and training and technical assistance (TTA). Prevention and intervention activities include the establishment and operation of evidence-based programs to prevent juvenile delinquency and support victims.

Highlights

2,526

NUMBER OF YOUTH SERVED

Awards Implementing an Evidence-based Program or Practice¹



System Planning Activities Conducted



756

System-level Initiatives Implemented



Youth Who Demonstrated Overall Positive Behavior Change (Short-Term) ²



OVERVIEW OF AWARD INFORMATION

During the July–December 2019 activity period, OJJDP's system improvement and targeted prevention and intervention funding supported 89 awards, with 89 percent (n = 79) compliant with their performance measure reporting requirements and 53 operational awards (expended award funds). The total available OJJDP funding for all compliant awards during the activity period exceeded \$26 million (figure 1).³ Forty-seven awards reported on system improvement activities, 13 awards reported on direct service intervention activities, and 9 awards reported on direct service prevention activities.

Figure 1. Award Details

89 Number of Awards





Operational Awards
(provided services during the period)



>\$26.2 otal Funding (in millions)

¹ This data may underreport the number of awards implementing evidence-based practices because system improvement awards may interpret the implementation of evidence-based efforts as limited to programs or specific practices, not system-wide initiatives.

² Short-term includes youth tracked for the behavior of interest who received services during the activity period or youth who exited the program during the activity period.

³ Funding amounts represent the total funding for the life of the awards and do not represent actual grantee spending during the activity period.

SYSTEM IMPROVEMENT AWARDS

OJJDP supports system improvement initiatives to strengthen the capacity of jurisdictions to address the complex needs of youth at risk or youth involved in the juvenile justice and child welfare systems. System initiatives use multi-disciplinary planning bodies to develop and implement policy and practice changes across government agencies and community-based organizations.

System Improvement Activities

During the July-December 2019 activity period, system improvement awards implemented 66 systemlevel initiatives; engaged in 756 planning activities; and adopted, revised, or rescinded 21 system-level policies or procedures (figure 2). Policy and practice changes reflect evidence-based operating standards (e.g., National Prison Rape Elimination Act [PREA] Standards, Family Drug Courts model) and OJJDPsponsored guidelines (e.g., Emergency Planning for Juvenile Justice Residential Facilities).

Figure 2. System Improvement Activities





Interagency Planning **Bodies Established**





New, Revised, or Rescinded System-Level Policies or Procedures Enacted

Community Collaboration

Many youth in the juvenile justice or child welfare systems face complex challenges (e.g., co-occurring disorders or traumatization), which require collaboration across multiple public agencies and community-based organizations. To foster this collaboration, during the July-December 2019 activity period, system improvement grantees formed 129 new partnerships-with 26 schools and 12 defense councils-and maintained 190 existing cross-sector partnerships (figure 3). Additionally, grantees shared data across programs and agencies, used common intake and assessment tools, and implemented 42 memorandums of understanding (MOUs) to coordinate service delivery.

Figure 3. Community Collaboration





MOUs Implemented



Programs and/or Agencies Sharing **Automated Data During the Reporting Period**



Programs and/or Agencies with a Formal Agreement to Use a Common Intake Form and/or Assessment Tool



Training and Technical Assistance Activities

As a key strategy to improve how systems and communities respond to youths' behaviors and victimization, system improvement grantees provide TTA on research findings and effective practices. During the July–December 2019 activity period, the number of awards supporting TTA increased from 14 to 18.4 Grantees responded to 147 percent more training requests and 114 percent more technical assistance requests than the previous activity period. Frantees trained 7,153 participants, an increase of 88 percent from the previous activity period, on topics such as child sexual abuse, working with Native American youth, reviewing and evaluating programs, PREA, and advocacy. Of those trained who responded to post-training surveys, 84 percent (n = 1,277) reported increased knowledge after attending the training. Ninety-five percent of organizations contacted (n = 62) reported improved operations after receiving TTA.

Figure 4. Training and Technical Assistance Activities



TARGETED PREVENTION AND INTERVENTION AWARDS

OJJDP funds targeted prevention and intervention services for populations that traditional juvenile delinquency or victimization programs do not address. During July-December 2019, prevention and intervention grantees provided specialized services for girls, tribal youth, youth affected by opioid abuse, and youth with sexual behavior problems and their child victims and families.

Program Materials Disseminated

Program Materials Developed

⁴ U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention. Discretionary 2.0 January–June 2019 Performance Report.

⁵ Individuals may contribute the increases in performance measure data reported to an increase in the number of awards reporting performance measure data for the July-December 2019 activity period.

⁶ U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention. Discretionary 2.0 January–June 2019 Performance Report.

Prevention and Intervention Program Activities

During the July–December 2019 activity period, OJJDP-funded programs served 2,526 youth, applying trauma-informed, culturally specific, evidence-based, collaborative, and data-driven approaches. Prevention and intervention programs define the specific requirements for successful program completion. Of the 128 youth who exited a prevention or intervention program during the activity period, 91 percent successfully completed the

program requirements. Grantees also served families, with 72 percent (n = 50) successfully completing program requirements during the activity period. To improve program staff and system professionals' knowledge and skillsets, prevention and intervention grantees trained 147 program staff, with 100 percent completing training during the activity period. Ninety-six percent of program staff who responded to post-training surveys (n = 105) reported increased knowledge of the program area after attending the training.

Figure 5. Prevention and Intervention Activities



147
Staff Trained



91% 128 Youth Exited trogram Successfully



96%

Program Staff with Increased Knowledge of Program Area



72%
50 Families Exited
Program Successfully

Target Behavior Outcomes

Targeted prevention and intervention awards focus on improvement of youth behavioral outcomes. Grantees report on behavioral changes in several targeted areas (e.g., family relationships and school attendance). During the July–December 2019 activity period, for youth receiving services while in the program or within 6 months of exiting, grantees observed improved school attendance, family relationships, family functioning, and substance use (figure 6). In the short term, overall, 38 percent (n = 4,314) of program youth showed improvements in targeted behaviors. Seventy-one percent (n = 133) of youth showed a positive behavioral change in the short term.

Figure 6. Short-term Outcome Percentages for the Specified Target Behaviors

SCHOOL ATTENDANCE



FAMILY RELATIONSHIPS



FAMILY FUNCTIONING



SUBSTANCE USE



PUBLIC SAFETY OUTCOMES

To demonstrate the impact of OJJDP funding and program success, system improvement, prevention, and intervention grantees report on public safety outcomes. To reduce youth victimization and offending behavior, grantees provide intervention services; enact policy and practice changes; and implement evidence-based programs and practices.

Youth Victimization

During the July–December 2019 activity period, grantees tracked 59 youth for victimization while in the program or within 6 months of exiting. Of those monitored, 46 percent experienced victimization during the activity period. Less than 1 percent (n = 36) of youth monitored experienced revictimization in the short term. Grantees identified six youth as victims of sex trafficking.

Youth Offending Behavior

To demonstrate system and program success at addressing youth offending behavior, system improvement, prevention, and intervention grantees monitor program youth for arrests or delinquency offenses. Grantees monitored 292 program youth during the July–December 2019 activity period. Of those monitored, 29 percent were arrested or committed a delinquent offense in the short term (figure 7) and 45 youth were committed to a juvenile facility. Of the youth tracked for a subsequent offense, 16 percent (n = 206) reoffended during the activity period (figure 8).

Figure 7. Short-term Offending Outcomes

29% of Program Youth Tracked OFFENDED

85/292

Figure 8. Short-term Recidivism Outcomes



EVIDENCE-BASED PROGRAMS AND PRACTICES

OJJDP encourages the use of evidence-based practices and programs. Evidence-based practices and programs include models shown to be effective at reducing delinquency and improving youth outcomes. During the July–December 2019 activity period, awards reported that 57 percent of the programs/initiatives implemented by grantees (n = 181) during the activity period employed an evidence-based program or practice. Of the grantees reporting, grantees used an evidence-based program or practice with 71 percent (n = 1,783) of youth served by their program or system.

CONCLUSION

To improve public safety and youth and community outcomes, OJJDP awards system improvement and targeted prevention and intervention grants to support capacity building and implement evidence-based or promising programs to serve targeted populations. Examples include trauma-informed approaches and cross-sector collaboration across government agencies and community-based providers. Additionally, grantees educate system professionals and practitioners on model programs and practices and the needs of specific youth populations to improve service delivery.

During the July–December 2019 activity period, OJJDP grantees made significant progress in improving the knowledge and capacity of systems and communities to improve outcomes for targeted populations of youth and families. System improvement efforts established 129 new cross-sector partnerships, implemented 42 MOUs, conducted 756 planning activities, and trained 7,153 individuals at 167 training and 186 technical assistance events. Targeted prevention and intervention grantees provided specialized services to 2,526 youth, with 71 percent of tracked youth not offending during the activity period. Collectively, all these activities led to improved cross-sector collaboration across multiple youth-serving systems and organizations and improved outcomes for specialized populations of youth involved in the juvenile justice system.

APPENDIX

Table 1: OJJDP Programs Supporting System Improvement and Targeted Prevention and Intervention Awards

PROGRAM NAME	PROGRAM PURPOSE
System Improvement Awards	
Juvenile Justice Emergency Planning Demonstration Program	Implementation of federal guidelines to prepare juvenile facilities' responses to natural and man-made emergencies
Family Drug Court Statewide System Reform/Implementation	Institutionalization of effective family drug court practices in state-level systems
Nonparticipating States Program	Nonprofit organizations and local entities work to comply with the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act's core requirements in states not participating in the Title II Formula Grant program.
Prison Rape Elimination Act (PREA)	States work toward compliance with national PREA standards in facilities serving juveniles.
Office of Sex Offender Sentencing, Monitoring, Apprehending, Registering, and Tracking (SMART) on Juvenile Justice: Enhancing Youth Access to Justice Initiative	Implementation of state plans to establish quality juvenile defense systems
State Systems Enhancement for Youth Offenders	System enhancement of juvenile defense services through training and data analysis
Supporting Tribal Youth: Youth Leadership Development	Build youth leadership skills within tribal communities
System Improvement, Prevention, and Intervention Awards	
System Improvement, State and Community Division, and Training and Technical Assistance Invited: Girls in the Juvenile Justice System	Strengthen and expand the use of community-based, gender, and culturally responsive programs for girls and victims of child sexual exploitation and domestic sex trafficking
Opioid Affected Youth Initiative	Multidisciplinary task forces use data to develop and implement local or state strategies to serve opioid-affected youth and families
Defending Childhood American Indian Alaska Native Policy Initiative: Supporting Trauma-Informed Juvenile Justice Systems for Tribes	Enhance tribal juvenile justice and child-welfare systems with trauma-informed practices
Prevention and Intervention Awards	
Youth with Sexual Behavior Problems	Multidisciplinary services for youth with sexual behavior problems, youth sex offenders, child victims, and their families