



Overview of the PMT Data for Training and Technical Assistance Grantees: January–June 2017

The Training and Technical Assistance (TTA) Grant program is administered by the Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention (OJJDP). TTA, defined by OJJDP, is the planning, development, delivery, and evaluation of activities designed to achieve specific learning objectives, resolve problems, and foster the application of innovative approaches to juvenile delinquency and victimization. TTA providers receiving OJJDP funding are required to report on performance measures that are designed to assess whether they are meeting the objectives of their grant awards. TTA grantees report their performance data in the Performance Measurement Tool (PMT). This report provides an overview of data from the PMT for the January–June 2017 reporting period.

Report Highlights

This report is an overview of the PMT data for TTA grantees as reported through June 30, 2017. Performance measures help OJJDP determine whether federal grant programs have achieved their goals and objectives and may be used to improve program and policy decisions at the federal level. The report is divided into two sections:

1. An examination of program information for TTA grantees.
2. An analysis of TTA performance measures.

Key findings from the analysis for the January–June 2017 reporting period include:

- Sixty-nine out of 77 grantees completed reporting in the PMT, resulting in a 90 percent compliance rate.
- Thirty-three percent of grantees reported implementing evidence-based practices.
- Nonprofit community-based organizations were the largest recipient (39 percent) of grant awards for this reporting period.
- Eighty-two percent of people who received training and completed a post-training survey exhibited increased knowledge of the program area.
- Fifty-seven percent of programs served by TTA grantees reported implementing an evidence-based program and/or practice during or after the TTA.

1. Examination of Program Information

Table 1, right, presents the reporting compliance rate of federal awards for the January–June 2017 reporting period. Grantees completed the PMT reporting requirements for 69 awards, resulting in a reporting compliance rate of 90 percent. Eight grantees did not begin data entry in the PMT and are excluded from analysis in the remainder of this report.

Table 1. Status of Grantee Reporting Compliance: January–June 2017

Report Status	Number of Grantees
Not Started	8
In Progress	0
Complete	69
Total	77

Table 2 presents an aggregate of demographic data broken out by different target population categories, including race/ethnicity, gender, and age, as well as the number of TTA grantees that reported serving each population. Grantees are only required to report target population information once in the PMT, but they may update their target population if needed to best fit their program during the life of the award. Targeted services include services or approaches specifically designed to meet the needs of the population (e.g., gender-specific, culturally based, or developmentally appropriate services). The majority of grantees reported that they do not directly serve the youth population. This is to be expected as TTA providers generally do not provide direct services.

Table 2. Number of Grantees Serving Target Population: January–June 2017 (n = 69)

Population Served	N
Race/Ethnicity	
American Indian/Alaska Native	12
Asian	10
Black/African American	12
Caucasian/Non-Latino	11
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	12
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	6
Other Race	8
White/Caucasian	11
Youth population not served directly	55
Justice System Status	
At-Risk Population (no prior offense)	12
First Time Offenders	13
Repeat Offenders	12
Sex Offenders	7
Status Offenders	9
Violent Offenders	8
Youth population not served directly	56

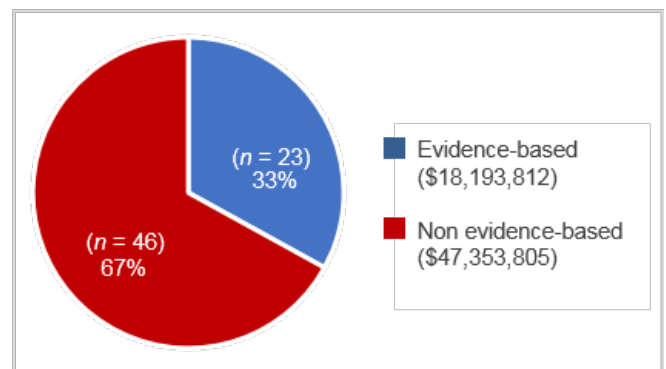
Population Served	N
Gender	
Male	14
Female	17
Youth population not served directly	53
Age	
0–10	11
11–12	17
Over 18	8
Youth population not served directly	52
Geographic Area	
Rural	10
Suburban	10
Tribal	6
Urban	13
Youth population not served directly	55

Evidence-Based Programs

OJJDP encourages grantees to use evidence-based practices in their programs. Evidence-based programs and practices include program models that have been shown, through rigorous evaluation and replication, to be effective at preventing or reducing juvenile delinquency or related risk factors. To understand how grantees are prioritizing evidence-based programs, grantees are asked to report whether or not their programs are evidence-based.¹

During the January–June 2017 reporting period, 23 TTA grantees (33 percent) reported that they used funding to implement evidence-based practices (figure 1). A total of \$65,547,617 in funding was awarded to TTA programs. Of this funding, \$18,193,812 (28 percent) was used to support programs that implemented evidence-based practices.

Figure 1. Federal Funding for Evidence-Based Programs and/or Practices: January–June 2017 (n = 69)



¹ Grantees are asked, “Is the federal award used to implement an evidence-based program or practice?” This question is only reported once in the PMT, and it is reflective of the grant program for the life of the award.

Organization Type

TTA grantees are also categorized by type of organization. Figure 2, below, presents a comparison of the types of organizations that received TTA grant awards for the January–June 2017 reporting period. Nonprofit, community-based organizations received the most awards (39 percent), followed by schools or other educational organizations (19 percent) and other government agencies and juvenile justice agencies (each at 11 percent).

Figure 2. Organizations by Number and Type: January–June 2017 (n = 69)

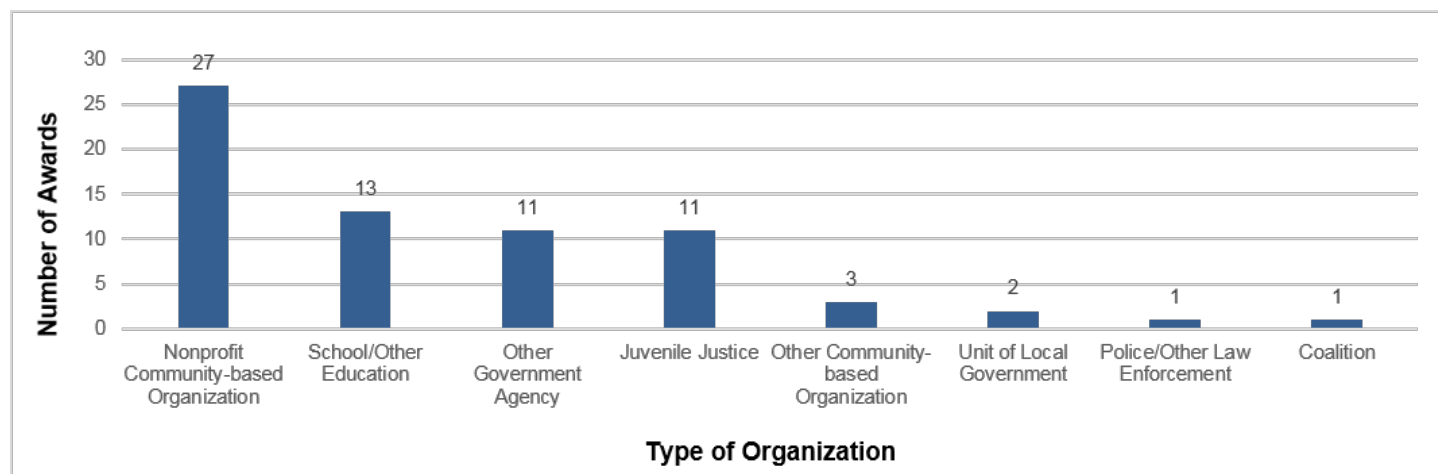


Table 3 shows the number of federal grants awarded by state and the District of Columbia (DC), along with the total award amount for each state and DC for the January–June 2017 reporting period. Wisconsin received the largest amount of federal funding (\$26,101,812), followed by California (\$16,779,279).

Table 3. Total Federal Award Amount by State and the District of Columbia: January–June 2017 (n = 69)

State	Number of Awards	Amount Awarded	State	Number of Awards	Amount Awarded
WI	7	\$ 26,101,812	AK	2	\$ 2,600,000
CA	6	\$ 16,779,279	KY	3	\$ 2,289,089
DC	8	\$ 15,701,082	PA	2	\$ 2,078,553
NV	5	\$ 11,137,753	CO	3	\$ 1,356,387
MA	2	\$ 6,519,234	OH	2	\$ 1,151,702
OK	3	\$ 6,485,936	IN	2	\$ 947,180
FL	5	\$ 6,132,892	AZ	1	\$ 904,722
VA	4	\$ 5,999,998	DE	2	\$ 889,830
MD	3	\$ 5,736,055	IA	1	\$ 826,699
OR	3	\$ 3,753,478	IL	2	\$ 767,262
AL	3	\$ 3,476,699	MO	1	\$ 481,757
NY	6	\$ 2,733,258	SD	1	\$ 150,000

2. Analysis of Performance Measures

In addition to the program information reported in the sections above, this report includes information on the performance measures that TTA providers are required to report. As table 4 reveals, a total of 10,173 training requests were received for the reporting period; 1,089 program materials were developed; and 1,700 planning or training events were held. A total of 46,842 individuals were trained by TTA providers during the January–June 2017 reporting period. The findings reveal that 82 percent of individuals exhibited increased knowledge of the program area after receiving training. Additionally, 53 percent of organizations served by TTA providers reported improvements in their operations, and 57 percent of programs served by TTA providers reported implementing an evidence-based program and/or practice during or after receiving TTA.

Table 4. Performance Indicators: January 2015–June 2017 (n = 69)

Performance Indicator	January–June 2015	July–December 2015	January–June 2016	July–December 2016	January–June 2017
Training requests received	9,229	9,849	35,957	7,908	10,173
Technical assistance requests received	12,601	15,880	5,015	3,324	2,951
Program materials developed	2,216	1,886	1,148	1,070	1,089
Planning or training events held	2,140	1,515	1,767	1,464	1,700
People trained	43,350	39,420	62,185	35,924	46,842
Program materials disseminated	126,290	109,178	100,470	83,439	51,496
Percent of people exhibiting an increased knowledge of the program area					
Number of people exhibiting an increase in knowledge post-training	25,003	22,366	24,743	18,627	23,476
Number of people trained as reported by grantees for this measure	30,282	28,740	31,388	22,069	28,789
Percent of people trained who exhibited increased knowledge	83%	78%	79%	84%	82%
Percent of organizations reporting improvements in operations based on TTA					
Number of organizations reporting improvements in operations based on TTA	2,966	4,252	2,947	2,318	1,665
Number of organizations served by TTA	5,912	6,585	4,318	3,233	3,113
Percent of organizations reporting improvements in operations based on TTA	50%	65%	68%	72%	53%
Percent of programs served by TTA that reported implementing an evidence-based program and/or practice during or after the TTA					
Number of programs served by TTA that reported implementing an evidence-based program and/or practice	1,399	1,247	596	500	589
Number of programs served by TTA	2,471	2,892	1,116	740	1,041
Percent of programs served by TTA that reported implementing an evidence-based program and/or practice	57%	43%	53%	68%	57%

Summary

TTA is the planning, development, delivery, and evaluation of activities designed to achieve specific learning objectives, resolve problems, and foster the application of innovative approaches to juvenile delinquency and victimization. Based on the data grantees provided, during the January–June 2017 reporting period, a total of 46,842 individuals were trained by programs supported with OJJDP grant funding. Eighty-two percent of those trained exhibited increased knowledge of the program area post-training, and 57 percent of programs served by TTA reported implementing an evidence-based program and/or practice during or after receiving training and technical assistance. More than half of organizations that received TTA from grantees reported improvements in their program operations based on the TTA.