

**OFFICE OF JUVENILE JUSTICE AND DELINQUENCY PREVENTION**

**TITLE II FORMULA GRANT PROGRAM**

**PA 2: ALTERNATIVES TO DETENTION**

**OUTPUT PERFORMANCE MEASURES**

Bold indicates mandatory indicators.

#	Output Measure	Definition	Reporting Format	Record Data Here
1	Number of MOUs developed	The number of Memoranda of Understanding or interagency agreements developed during reporting period of the program. Include all formal partnership or coordination agreements. Program records are the preferred data source.	A. Number of Memoranda of Understanding developed	
2	Number of program slots available	The number of client service slots available during the reporting period of the program. If slots were lost over the reporting period, please report a negative number. Program records are the preferred data source.	A. Number of client service slots available during the reporting period	
3	Number of FTEs funded by FG \$	The number of staff, as measured through the number of Full-Time Equivalents, working for the program during the reporting period. To calculate FTE, divide the number of staff hours used by the program by 2080.	A. Number of Full-Time Equivalents funded by FG \$	
4	Number of program materials developed during the reporting period	The number of program materials that were developed during the reporting period. Include only substantive materials such as program overviews, client workbooks, lists of local service providers. Do not include program advertisements or administrative forms such as sign-in sheets or client tracking forms. Count the number of pieces developed. Program records are the preferred data source.	A. Number of program materials developed	
5	Number and percent of program staff trained	The number and percent of program staff that are trained during reporting period. Program staff includes full and part-time employees and/or volunteers. The number is the raw number of staff to receive any formal training relevant to the program or their position as program staff. Include any training from any source or medium received during the reporting period as long as receipt can be verified. Training does not have to have been completed during the reporting period. To get the percent divide the raw number by the total number of program staff. Program records are the preferred data source.	A. Number of staff who participated in training B. Total number of program staff C. Percent (A/B)	
6	Number of hours of program staff training provided	The number of training hours that program staff are provided during the reporting period. Training includes in-house and external trainings.	A. Number of hours of training provided to program staff	
7	Number of detention alternative program options available	The number of detention alternative programs created during the reporting period. If programs were lost over the reporting period, please report a negative number. Program records are the preferred data source.	A. Number of detention alternative program options	
8	Number of planning activities conducted	The number of planning activities undertaken during the reporting period. Planning activities include meetings held, needs assessments undertaken.	A. Number of planning activities undertaken	
9	Number of risk assessment instruments (RAI) developed	Report how many risk assessment instruments (RAI) were developed during the reporting period. RAI's are used to determine the supervision needs of the youth.	A. Number of risk assessment instruments developed	

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#	Output Measure	Definition	Reporting Format	Record Data Here
10	Number of program/agency policies or procedures created, amended, or rescinded	The number of program/agency policies or procedures created, amended, or rescinded during the reporting period. A policy is a plan or specific course of action that guides the general goals and directives of the program or agency. Include policies that are either relevant to the topic area of the program or policies that affect program operations.	A. Number of policies created, amended, or rescinded	
11	<b>Number of program youth served</b>	An unduplicated count of the number of youth served by the program during the reporting period. Definition of the number of youth served for a reporting period is the number of program youth carried over from previous reporting period, plus new admissions during the reporting period. In calculating the 3-year summary, the total number of youth served is the number of participants carried over from the year previous to the first fiscal year, plus all new admissions during the 3 reporting fiscal years. Program records are the preferred data source.	A. Number of program youth carried over from the previous reporting period, plus new admissions during the reporting period	
12	Number and percent of program youth receiving RAI	The number and percent of program youth receiving risk assessments during the reporting period to determine the level of supervision. Include all youth who received at least one program service and met the program's minimum criteria for participation. Program records are the preferred data source.	A. Number and percent of program youth receiving risk assessments	
13	Number of service hours completed	The number of hours of service completed by program youth during the reporting period. Service is any explicit activity (such as program contact, counseling sessions, course curriculum, community service, etc.) delivered by program staff or other professionals dedicated to completing the program requirements. Program records are the preferred data source.	A. Total number of program youth service hours	
14	Average length of stay in program	The average length of time (in days) that clients remain in the program. Include data for clients who both complete program requirements prior to program exit and those who do not. Program records are the preferred data source.	A. Total number of days between intake and program exit across all program youth exiting program B. Number of cases closed C. Average (A/B)	

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**OUTCOME PERFORMANCE MEASURES**

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#	Outcome Measure	Definition	Reporting Format	Record Data Here
15	<b>Number and percent of program youth who OFFEND during the reporting period</b> (short term)	The number and percent of participating program youth who were arrested or seen at a juvenile court for a delinquent offense during the reporting period. Appropriate for any youth-serving program. Official records (police, juvenile court) are the preferred data source. The number of youth tracked should reflect the number of program youth that are followed or monitored for arrests or offenses. Ideally this number should be all youth served by the program during this reporting period. Ex. If I am serving 100 youth in my program, A would be 100. If I am following up with 50 of them, B would be 50. Of these 50 program youth I'm tracking, if 25 of them were arrested or had a delinquent offense during this reporting period, then C would be 25.	A. Total number of program youth served B. Number of program youth tracked during this reporting period C. Of B, the number of program youth who had a new arrest or delinquent offense during this reporting period	
16	<b>Number and percent of program youth who OFFEND during the reporting period</b> (long term)	The number and percent of participating program youth who were arrested or seen at a juvenile court for a delinquent offense during the reporting period. Appropriate for any youth-serving program. Official records (police, juvenile court) are the preferred data source. The number of youth tracked should reflect the number of program youth that are followed or monitored for arrests or offenses 6-12 months after exiting the program. Ex. I have a lot of youth who exited my program 6-12 months ago, but we are only tracking 100 of them, so A is 100. Of these 100 program youth that exited the program 6-12 months ago 65 had a new arrest or delinquent offense during this reporting period, so B is 65.	A. Number of program youth who exited the program 6-12 months ago that you are tracking B. Of A, the number of program youth who had a new arrest or delinquent offense during this reporting period C. Number of program youth who were recommitted to a juvenile facility during this reporting period D. Number of program youth who were sentenced to adult prison during this reporting period E. Number of youth who received another sentence during this reporting period F. Percent of Long Term RECIDIVISM (B/A)	
17	<b>Number and percent of program youth who RE-OFFEND</b> (short term)	The number and percent of participating program youth who were arrested or seen at a juvenile court for a new delinquent offense during the reporting period. Appropriate for any youth-serving program. Official records (police, juvenile court) are the preferred data source. The number of youth tracked should reflect the number of program youth that are followed or monitored for new arrests or offenses. Ideally this number should be all youth served by the program during this reporting period. Ex. If I am serving 100 youth in my program, A would be 100. If I am following up with 50 of them, B would be 50. Of these 50 program youth I'm tracking, if 25 of them were arrested or had a delinquent offense during this reporting period, then C would be 25.	A. Total number of program youth served B. Number of program youth tracked during this reporting period C. Of B, the number of program youth who had a new arrest or delinquent offense during this reporting period D. Number of program youth who were recommitted to a juvenile facility during this reporting period E. Number of program youth who were sentenced to adult prison during this reporting period F. Number of youth who received another sentence during this reporting period G. Percent RECIDIVISM (C/B)	

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#### OUTCOME PERFORMANCE MEASURES

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#	Outcome Measure	Definition	Reporting Format	Record Data Here
18	<b>Number and percent of program youth who RE-OFFEND</b> (long term)	The number and percent of participating program youth who were arrested or seen at a juvenile court for a new delinquent offense during the reporting period. Appropriate for any youth-serving program. Official records (police, juvenile court) are the preferred data source. The number of youth tracked should reflect the number of program youth that are followed or monitored for new arrests or offenses 6-12 months after exiting the program. Ex. I have a lot of youth who exited my program 6-12 months ago, but we are only tracking 100 of them, so A is 100. Of these 100 program youth that exited the program 6-12 months ago 65 had a new arrest or delinquent offense during this reporting period, so B is 65.	A. Number of program youth who exited the program 6-12 months ago that you are tracking B. Of A, the number of program youth who had a new arrest or delinquent offense during this reporting period C. Number of program youth who were recommitted to a juvenile facility during this reporting period D. Number of program youth who were sentenced to adult prison during this reporting period E. Number of youth who received another sentence during this reporting period F. Percent of Long Term RECIDIVISM (B/A)	
19	Number and percent of program youth returning to court for scheduled hearing (short term)	The number and percent of program youth who were placed in a detention alternative and return to court for all scheduled hearings. Appropriate for any detention alternative program. Official records are the preferred data source.	A. Number of program youth who return to all scheduled hearings B. Number of youth in detention alternative program C. Percent (A/B)	
20	Percent change in the ADP in secure detention (short term)	The percent change in the number of pre-adjudicated and post-adjudicated juveniles in secure detention. Official records are the preferred data source.	A. ADP of juveniles in detention in the current year B. ADP of juveniles in detention in previous year C. Percent Change (A-B/B)	
21	Percent change in the ADP in secure detention (long term)	The percent change in the number of pre-adjudicated and post-adjudicated juveniles in secure detention. Official records are the preferred data source.	A. ADP of juveniles in detention in the current year B. ADP of juveniles in detention in previous year C. Percent Change (A-B/B)	
22	Percent change of ALOS in secure detention (short term)	The percent change in the average length of stay (ALOS) in days that juveniles reside in a secure juvenile detention facility. Official records are the preferred data source.	A. Average length of stay in detention in the current year B. Average length of stay in the previous year C. Percent Change (A-B/B)	
23	Percent change of ALOS in secure detention (long term)	The percent change in the average length of stay (ALOS) in days that juveniles reside in a secure juvenile detention facility. Official records are the preferred data source.	A. Average length of stay in detention in the current year B. Average length of stay in the previous year C. Percent Change (A-B/B)	
24	Percent change in utilization of detention alternatives (long term)	Detention alternatives are services provided to offenders in the community to avoid placement in a detention facility. The percent change in the utilization rate of applicable detention alternative programs, such as shelter care. The utilization rate is used to examine the usage of facilities relative to its stated capacity (see the glossary for calculation of utilization). If the facility is overcrowded, the utilization rate will be over 100 percent. Program records are the preferred data source.	A. Utilization rate of detention alternative in the current year B. Utilization rate of detention alternative in previous year C. Percent Change (A-B/B)	

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**OUTCOME PERFORMANCE MEASURES**

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#	Outcome Measure	Definition	Reporting Format	Record Data Here
25	<b>Number and percent of program youth completing program requirements</b> (short term)	The number and percent of program youth who have successfully fulfilled all program obligations and requirements. Program obligations will vary by program, but should be a predefined list of requirements or obligations that clients must meet prior to program completion. Program records are the preferred data source. The total number of youth includes those who exited successfully or unsuccessfully.	A. Number of program youth who exited the program having completed program requirements B. Total number of youth who exited the program during the reporting period (both successfully and unsuccessfully) C. Percent (A/B)	
26	Number and percent of program youth satisfied with program (short term)	The number and percent of program youth satisfied with the program in areas such as staff relations and expertise, general program operations, facilities, materials, and service. Self-report data collected using program evaluation or assessment forms are the expected data source.	A. Number of program youth satisfied with the program during the reporting period B. Total number of program youth served by the program during the reporting period C. Percent (A/B)	
27	Number and percent of program families satisfied with program (short term)	The number and percent of program families satisfied with the program in areas such as staff relations and expertise, general program operations, facilities, materials, and service. Self-report data collected using program evaluation or assessment forms are the expected data source.	A. Number of program families satisfied with the program during the reporting period B. Total number of program families served by the program during the reporting period C. Percent (A/B)	
28	Number and percent of program staff with increased knowledge of program area (short term)	The number and percent of program staff who gained a greater knowledge of the program area through trainings or other formal learning opportunities. Appropriate for any program whose staff received program-related training. Training does not need to have been given by the program. Self-report data collected using training evaluation or assessment forms are the expected data source.	A. Number of program staff trained during the reporting period who report increased knowledge B. Number of program staff trained during the reporting period C. Percent (A/B)	